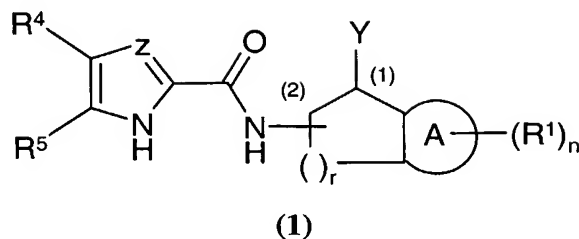


**Claims**

1. A compound of formula (1):



wherein:

Z is CH or nitrogen;

$R^4$  and  $R^5$  together are either  $-S-C(R^6)=C(R^7)-$  or  $-C(R^7)=C(R^6)-S-$ ;

$R^6$  and  $R^7$  are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy,

10 fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, carboxy, carbamoyl, (1-4C)alkyl, (2-4C)alkenyl, (2-4C)alkynyl, (1-4C)alkoxy and (1-4C)alkanoyl;

A is phenylene or heteroarylene;

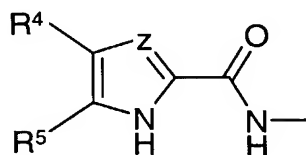
n is 0, 1 or 2;

$R^1$  is independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, carboxy, carbamoyl,

15 *N*-(1-4C)alkylcarbamoyl, *N,N*-((1-4C)alkyl)<sub>2</sub>carbamoyl, sulphamoyl, *N*-(1-4C)alkylsulphamoyl, *N,N*-((1-4C)alkyl)<sub>2</sub>sulphamoyl,  $-S(O)_b(1-4C)alkyl$  (wherein b is 0, 1, or 2),  $-OS(O)_2(1-4C)alkyl$ , (1-4C)alkyl, (2-4C)alkenyl, (2-4C)alkynyl, (1-4C)alkoxy, (1-4C)alkanoyl, (1-4C)alkanoyloxy, hydroxy(1-4C)alkyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy and  $-NHSO_2(1-4C)alkyl$ ;

20 or, when n is 2, the two  $R^1$  groups, together with the carbon atoms of A to which they are attached, may form a 4 to 7 membered saturated ring, optionally containing 1 or 2 heteroatoms independently selected from O, S and N, and optionally being substituted by one or two methyl groups;

r is 1 or 2; and when r is 1 the group



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is a substituent on carbon (2) and when r is 2 (hereby forming a six membered ring) the same group is a substituent on carbon (2) or on carbon (3);

- Y is selected from  $-C(O)R^2$ ,  $-C(O)OR^2$ ,  $-C(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkyl$  [optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from hydroxy,  $-C=NR^2$ ,  $(1-4C)alkoxy$ , aryloxy, heterocycloxy,  $-S(O)_bR^2$  (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2),  $-O-S(O)_bR^2$  (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2),  $-NR^2R^3$ ,  $-N(OH)R^2$ ,  $-NR^2C(=O)R^2$ ,  $-NHOHC(=O)R^2$ ,  $-SO_2NR^2R^3$ ,  $-N(R^2)SO_2R^2$ , aryl and heterocyclyl],  $-C(O)NOH$ ,  $-C(O)NSH$ ,  $-C(N)OH$ ,  $-C(N)SH$ ,  $-SO_2H$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-SO_2N(OH)R^2$ ,  $-(2-4C)alkenyl$ ,  $-SO_2NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)R^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)OR^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylSC(O)R^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)R^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)OR^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)OR^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $(3-6C)cycloalkyl$  (optionally substituted by 1 or 2  $R^8$ ), aryl, heterocyclyl (wherein the heterocyclic ring is linked by a ring carbon atom),  $-(1-4C)alkylSO_2(2-4C)alkenyl$  and  $-S(O)_cR^2$  (wherein c is 0, 1 or 2);  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $-O(1-4C)alkyl$ ,  $-S(1-4C)alkyl$ ,  $-N(1-4C)alkyl$ , heterocyclyl, aryl, and  $(1-4C)alkyl$  [optionally substituted by 1 or 2  $R^8$  groups]; or
- wherein  $NR^2R^3$  may form a 4 to 7 membered saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated ring, optionally containing 1, 2 or 3 additional heteroatoms independently selected from N, O and S (provided there are no O-O, O-S or S-S bonds), wherein any  $-CH_2-$  may optionally be replaced by  $-C(=O)-$ , and any N or S atom may optionally be oxidised to form an N-oxide or SO or  $SO_2$  group respectively, and wherein the ring is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano,  $(1-4C)alkyl$ , hydroxy,  $(1-4C)alkoxy$  and  $(1-4C)alkylS(O)_b-$  (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2);  $R^8$  is independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy,  $(1-4C)alkyl$ ,  $(2-4C)alkenyl$ ,  $(1-4C)alkoxy$ , cyano((1-4C))alkyl, amino((1-4C))alkyl [optionally substituted on nitrogen by 1 or 2 groups selected from  $(1-4C)alkyl$ , hydroxy, hydroxy((1-4C))alkyl, dihydroxy((1-4C))alkyl,  $-CO_2(1-4C)alkyl$ , aryl and aryl((1-4C))alkyl], halo((1-4C))alkyl, dihalo((1-4C))alkyl, trihalo((1-4C))alkyl, hydroxy((1-4C))alkyl, dihydroxy((1-4C))alkyl,  $(1-4C)alkoxy(1-4C)alkoxy$ ,  $(1-4C)alkoxy(1-4C)alkyl$ , hydroxy(1-4C)alkoxy, 5- and 6-membered cyclic acetals and mono- and di-methyl derivatives thereof, aryl, heterocyclyl, (heterocyclyl)(1-4C)alkyl,  $(3-7C)cycloalkyl$  (optionally substituted with 1 or 2 hydroxy groups,  $(1-4C)alkyl$  or  $-CO_2(1-4C)alkyl$ ),  $(1-4C)alkanoyl$ ,  $(1-4C)alkylS(O)_b-$  (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2),  $(3-6C)cycloalkylS(O)_b-$  (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), arylS(O)<sub>b</sub>- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), heterocyclylS(O)<sub>b</sub>- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), benzylS(O)<sub>b</sub>- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2),

(1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>c</sub>(1-4C)alkyl- (wherein c is 0, 1 or 2), -N(OH)CHO, -C(=N-OH)NH<sub>2</sub>,  
 -C(=N-OH)NH(1-4C)alkyl, -C(=N-OH)N((1-4C)alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, -C(=N-OH)NH(3-6C)cycloalkyl,  
 -C(=N-OH)N((3-6C)cycloalkyl)<sub>2</sub>, -COCOOR<sup>9</sup>, -C(O)N(R<sup>9</sup>)(R<sup>10</sup>), -NHC(O)R<sup>9</sup>,  
 -C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>((1-4C)alkyl), -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>9</sup>, (R<sup>9</sup>)(R<sup>10</sup>)NSO<sub>2</sub>-, -COCH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>11</sup>, -COCH<sub>2</sub>OH,  
 5 (R<sup>9</sup>)(R<sup>10</sup>)N-, -COOR<sup>9</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>9</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>COOR<sup>9</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>9</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>9</sup>)OH, -  
 CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>CH(NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>9'</sup> (wherein w is 1, 2 or 3), and  
 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>CH(NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>)CO(NR<sup>9'</sup>R<sup>10'</sup>) (wherein w is 1, 2 or 3) ;

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>9'</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>10'</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, (1-4C)alkyl  
 (optionally substituted by 1 or 2 R<sup>11</sup>), (2-4C)alkenyl, (3-7C)cycloalkyl (optionally substituted  
 10 by 1 or 2 hydroxy groups), cyano((1-4C))alkyl, trihaloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,  
 heterocyclyl((1-4C)alkyl), -CO<sub>2</sub>(1-4C)alkyl; or

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> together with the nitrogen to which they are attached, and/or R<sup>9'</sup> and R<sup>10'</sup> together  
 with the nitrogen to which they are attached, form a 4- to 6-membered ring where the ring is  
 optionally substituted on carbon by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from oxo,  
 15 hydroxy, carboxy, halo, nitro, cyano, carbonyl, (1-4C)alkoxy and heterocyclyl; or the ring may  
 be optionally substituted on two adjacent carbons by -O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O- to form a cyclic acetal  
 wherein one or both of the hydrogens of the -O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O- group may be replaced by a methyl;  
 R<sup>11</sup> is independently selected from (1-4C)alkyl and hydroxy(1-4C)alkyl;  
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or pro-drug thereof.

20

2. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or pro-drug  
 thereof, as claimed in claim 1, wherein A is phenylene.

3. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo  
 25 hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein n is 0.

4. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo  
 hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein r is 1.

30 5. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo  
 hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup>  
 are independently hydrogen or halo.

6. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein Y is selected from  $-C(O)OR^2$ ,  $-C(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkyl$  [optionally substituted by a substituent selected from hydroxy,  $(1-4C)alkoxy$ ,  $-S(O)_bR^2$  (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2),  $-O-S(O)_bR^2$  (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2),  $-NR^2R^3$ ,  $-NR^2C(=O)R^2$  and  $-SO_2NR^2R^3$ ],  $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)R^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)OR^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)R^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)OR^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)OR^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylSC(O)R^2$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)NR^2R^3$ ,  $-(1-4C)alkylSO_2(2-4C)alkenyl$  and  $-SO_cR^2$  (wherein c is 0, 1 or 2).

10

7. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from hydrogen, heterocyclyl,  $-O(1-4C)alkyl$ ,  $-N(1-4C)alkyl$ ,  $(1-4C)alkyl$  [optionally substituted by 1 or 2  $R^8$  groups]; or an  $NR^2R^3$  group forms a morpholine, thiomorpholine (and oxidised versions thereof), pyrrolidine, or piperidine ring and wherein the ring is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, hydroxy and methoxy.

15

8. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein  $R^8$  is independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy,  $-C(O)N(R^9)(R^{10})$ ,  $-NHC(O)R^9$ ,  $-COOR^9$ ,  $-CH_2OR^9$ ,  $-CH_2COOR^9$ ,  $-CH_2OCOR^9$ , aryl, heterocyclyl, and 5- and 6-membered cyclic acetals and mono- and di-methyl derivatives thereof.

20

9. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy and  $(1-4C)alkyl$  or  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a morpholine, thiomorpholine (and oxidised versions thereof), pyrrolidine, or piperidine ring.

25

10. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1 in association with a pharmaceutically-acceptable diluent or carrier.

30

11. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, for use in a method of treatment of a warm-blooded animal such as man by therapy.

5 12. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, for use as a medicament.

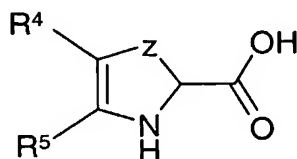
13. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or *in vivo* hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, for use as a medicament in the treatment of  
10 type 2 diabetes, insulin resistance, syndrome X, hyperinsulinaemia, hyperglucagonaemia, cardiac ischaemia or obesity in a warm-blooded animal such as man.

14. The use of a compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, in the manufacture of a medicament for  
15 use in the treatment of type 2 diabetes, insulin resistance, syndrome X, hyperinsulinaemia, hyperglucagonaemia, cardiac ischaemia or obesity in a warm-blooded animal such as man.

15. The use of a compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, in the manufacture of a medicament for  
20 use in the treatment of type 2 diabetes in a warm-blooded animal such as man.

16. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (1) as claimed in claim 1, which process comprises:

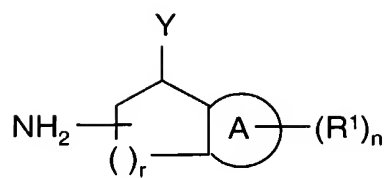
reacting an acid of the formula (2):



(2)

or an activated derivative thereof; with an amine of formula (3):

- 115 -



(3)

and thereafter if necessary:

i) converting a compound of the formula (1) into another compound of the formula (1);

5 ii) removing any protecting groups;

iii) forming a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or *in vivo* hydrolysable ester.